

WAR SITUATION.

No Forward Movement of Troops Until the Spanish Squadron is Located.

ITS IS STATED IN A POSITIVE MANNER.

Navy Department Has Nothing More Than Belief That the Fleet is in Santiago Harbor.

Inventor Holland May Use His Novel Craft in an Attack Upon the Spanish Squadron—No Hurry in Organizing Volunteers.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The military situation as at present determined upon by those in authority is to make no forward movement of troops either upon Porto Rico or Cuba until full and definite information is received as to the location of the Spanish squadron and its possibilities as a factor in the aggressive movements of Spain. That being the positive determination there is no present purpose to move forward the troops now at the several points of concentration, but the interval prior to an aggressive forward movement will be employed in awaiting the men. Steps have been taken to secure early information as to whether Adm. Cervera's squadron is in the Santiago harbor and whether the American squadron has such advantage of position outside the harbor as to make the escape of the Spaniards practically impossible. For the last few days army circles have shared the belief that the Spanish ships were trapped in Santiago harbor and that has given impetus to arrangements by which large bodies of troops at Chickamauga and elsewhere might be moved forward rapidly to Tampa for embarkation. The presence of 40 or more transports at the Florida waters added to the conviction that a movement on a large scale was about to occur. As this has been going on with the understanding that Adm. Cervera's fleet as a possible menace in the rear of our troops had been cut off by his being securely held within Santiago harbor, but in the absence of positive information on this point, together with the certainty that he is held inside the harbor, there is no purpose whatever on the part of the war department to make an aggressive forward movement on Cuba or Porto Rico. This was stated Friday night in the most positive manner, and from an authoritative source.

Unless the navy department succeeds in securing some direct and official information regarding the Spanish and American fleets within the next 24 hours through the aid of the Italian cables, it will be necessary to use of dispatch boats. It can again be affirmed on the highest authority, and notwithstanding all rumors to the contrary, that at the close of the day the department had nothing more than a belief, founded upon unofficial advice, that the Spanish fleet was lying in Santiago harbor and no news as to Commodore Schley's whereabouts. However, the confidence of the officials of the navy department entertain no doubt that Cervera is within Santiago harbor, and they have succeeded in improving their belief upon the president and the members of the cabinet. The reports from newspaper dispatches and the confidence of Sampson's and Schley's squadrons during the past week are very mysterious, even to the naval officers here, and one of them certainly has been the statement coming from the West Indies to the effect that 13 war vessels were seen on Wednesday. This he thought was Schley's squadron, and in that case he could scarcely have covered the distance from the Philippines and Santiago with a slow-moving fleet of iron clads in less than two days, in which case Schley would not be due off Santiago until some time Friday. Of course all this is speculative but it shows that the department is not of doubt in its calculations as to the whereabouts of the fleets.

It was announced Friday that Holland, the inventor of the submarine boat of that name, was expected here Saturday to discuss with Capt. Pell, chief of ordnance, the feasibility of using that novel craft in an attack upon the Spanish squadron at Santiago if the vessels are still there. The officials are disposed to receive in a kindly spirit any suggestion that might prove to be a valuable contribution to the details of organizing the new force of 75,000 volunteers for at least a week or ten days. At the cabinet meeting Friday inquiry was made of Secretary Alger as to what steps he proposed taking on the organization of this large addition to the regular volunteers. His reply was that he had not even considered the details of this question and that his plan was to take up the matter for a week or ten days.

Will Review the Troops.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—President McKinley and Secretary Alger, accompanied by Maj. Gen. John M. Schofield, general of the army, and his staff, will review Saturday afternoon the 75,000 troops now concentrated at Camp Alger, Va., at a preliminary inspection, not only because of the magnitude of the force reviewed, but also because of the presence of the president in the capacity of commander-in-chief of the army.

OUR NATIONAL GAME.

The Winners in Friday's Games Were Cincinnati, Pittsburgh, Louisville, Chicago and Cleveland.

Cincinnati. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R. R. Cincinnati... 2 0 2 0 4 0 0 0—10-9-3
Batteries.—Dunnigan and Young; Johnson and Warner. Umpires—Emslie and Andrews.

Pittsburgh. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R. R. Pittsburgh... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2-0-3
Batteries.—Dunnigan and Young; Johnson and Warner. Umpires—Emslie and Andrews.

Louisville. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R. R. Louisville... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2-0-3
Batteries.—Dunnigan and Young; Johnson and Warner. Umpires—Emslie and Andrews.

Chicago. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R. R. Chicago... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2-0-3
Batteries.—Dunnigan and Young; Johnson and Warner. Umpires—Emslie and Andrews.

Cleveland. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R. R. Cleveland... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2-0-3
Batteries.—Dunnigan and Young; Johnson and Warner. Umpires—Emslie and Andrews.

FROM MANILA.
The Captain of the Cruiser Olympia and Two Officers Hit, and Taken to Hong Kong for Treatment.

Hono Kona, May 28.—The United States auxiliary gunboat Zafre, formerly a British ship, was captured by the Spanish cruiser Olympia, and now commissioned, mounting four guns, and in charge of a lieutenant commander of the United States navy, has just arrived here from Manila, having on board the captain of the first class cruiser Olympia, flagship of Adm. Dewey, and two officers who have been invalided.

The situation at Manila is unchanged. The insurgents are quiet. The Spanish fleet is still in Manila. The report that the commander of the Spanish gun boat Callao was tried by court martial and shot on the spot, on the American ship which captured the Callao is untrue.

The Zafre will return to Manila on Monday next.

SPANISH PRISONERS.

Of the 440 Persons Captured on Friday 444 Will Be Held as Prisoners of War.

Key West, Fla., May 28.—Of the 440 persons captured on all the prizes of war, 444 attached to the Spanish navy, various capacities will be held as prisoners, by instructions from the attorney general Friday. The others will be released.

The ships held to be legitimate prizes will be sent north to be sold. The naval reserves who arrived from Manila Friday will be distributed among the ships of the fleet.

OUR FLYING SQUADRON.

It is Now One of the Strongest Aggregations of Fighting Vessels Ever Gathered Together.

Key West, Fla., May 28.—Commodore Schley's Flying Squadron is now one of the strongest aggregations of fighting ships ever gathered together. It consists of the first-class armored cruiser Brooklyn, Commodore Schley's flagship, the battle ship Maine, the cruiser Marblehead, the gun boat Castine and the cruiser Albatross. They have a plentiful supply of coal and can stay for a long time at sea. The men are not only anxious but eager to fight, and they expressed great satisfaction at learning the whereabouts of the enemy's fleet.

Three Brigadiers for the Philippines.
A dispatch, May 28.—Adj. Gen. Corbin announced Friday night that three of the brigadier generals appointed by the president Friday would be officially designated as follows: A. C. Greason, of Cleveland, O.; Francis V. Greene, of New York, and Chas. King, of Washington.

Number of Volunteers Mustered.
WASHINGTON, May 28.—Adj. Gen. Corbin announced Friday night that volunteers to the number of 120,344 had been mustered into the United States service. This number includes some cavalry in addition to the first call for troops. There is yet a shortage in the call from the various states of 5,638 men, distributed as follows: Alabama, 1,335; Iowa, 1,940; Kentucky, 1,285; Mississippi, 1,000; and North Carolina, 400.

Balloons for Use in Army Operations.
New York, May 28.—The Tribune Saturday morning prints the following: There were shipped to Governor's Island Friday for the use of the French line of steamers two big balloons and equipment, which the government has purchased for use in army operations. They were ordered from the French manufacturer of balloons and proprietor of the captive balloon in Paris, Maurice Mallet.

Passengers and Crew of the Rita Released.
CHARLESTON, S. C., May 28.—Orders were received from the navy department Friday for the release of the passengers and crew of the Spanish prize Rita at this port. The Spaniards on board the steamer captured by the Yule in Paris, Maurice Mallet.

Another Composer and Orator Dead.
New York, May 28.—The death of Keynton, of Arlington, N. J., died suddenly Friday of heart disease. Prof. Keynton was well known as an author, composer.

In Front of Cardenas.
MADRID, May 28.—A dispatch from Havana says: Capt. Gen. Blanco has received news that the Spanish fleet is in front of Cardenas.

Port at Prince, Hayti, May 28.—It is reported here that a Spanish fleet of 14 vessels, including the Maine, is in the port of Prince, Hayti, and is being shelled by the French.

Righted off Hayti.
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Bay Station in Cuba Begins.
Key West, Fla., May 28.—The rainy season is just beginning in Cuba and the fleet of war ships and newspaper dispatch boats have experienced bad weather during the past week. A few frequent violent rain storms. Off the Cuban coast Friday the weather was pleasant.

Second Assistant Secretary of War.
WASHINGTON, May 28.—Senator Lodge has offered the Newlands resolution for the annexation of Hawaii as an amendment to the war revenue bill.

Key West, Fla., May 28.—The former Secretary of War, Gen. Sherman, is in Key West, Fla., on account of his age and apparent effectiveness as a fighting ship.

The Imperial Admiralty.
MADRID, May 28.—The Imperial Admiralty Friday that Adm. Cervera is at San Juan, P. R., and is in possession of advantages over the American fleet.

San Juan, P. R., May 28.—It is reported here that a Spanish fleet of 14 vessels, including the Maine, is in the port of San Juan, P. R., and is being shelled by the American fleet.

MOSQUITO FLEETS.

A Number of Small Steam Craft to Be Added to this Branch of Service.

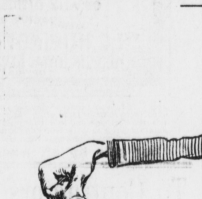
THEY ARE NEEDED BADLY AT PRESENT.

The Officials Believe That Adm. Cervera's Fleet is Couped Up in Santiago Harbor.

No Movement Will Be Made Against Cuba or Porto Rico Until the Spanish Fleet is Either Destroyed or Otherwise Rendered Helpless.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The navy department is making ready for the purchase of a number of small steam craft to supplement the Mosquito fleet on the coast. The chief of the Mosquito fleet, Adm. Eberle, at New York, has submitted to the navy department a list of over one hundred such craft which have been examined and found suitable. The department was

"BOTTLED UP"



prevented from making any purchases on this score because it lacked the necessary authorization, but now that Congress has passed and the president has approved an act appropriating \$5,000,000 for the purchase of such vessels, it will begin at once to acquire them. They are needed very badly just at present, not so much for scouting purposes as for the protection of the fleet from the submarines of the engineer officers have laid in almost all Atlantic ports. The reckless conduct of the commanders of vessels entering and emerging from these ports has determined the authorities here to deal summarily with the matter. The repeated warnings the local engineers have given the shipping crossing the mine fields. The Mosquito fleet vessels will all be armed, and any vessel disregards their warning and interferes with the mines, or even coordinates their workings, they will pay the penalty.

At the close of the cabinet meeting Friday it was authoritatively stated that although the government had no official information on the subject, there was no reasonable doubt that Adm. Cervera's fleet was in Santiago harbor and that Commodore Schley was on guard at the entrance. Although the information upon which this belief is based is regarded as entirely trustworthy, the government will make no important move or change its plans in the absence of direct confirmation from official sources. It was also stated that any contemplated movement against Cuba or Porto Rico would be held in abeyance until the Spanish fleet either was destroyed or otherwise rendered helpless to seriously interfere with our plans in any direction. The cabinet discussed the situation at length but nothing of great consequence was decided upon. The work of equipping and mobilizing the volunteer army will be pushed with all possible vigor with a view to being in perfect readiness for any call that might be made when the Spanish fleet shall no longer be a serious factor in the war.

All of the members of the cabinet were present except Attorney General Griggs, who is at his home in New Jersey.

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SAMPSON'S REPORT.

The Admiral Gives Reasons for His Recent Bombardment of the Fort in the Harbor at San Juan.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—Following is a copy of the report made by Adm. Sampson concerning the action of San Juan, officially posted at the navy department Friday morning:

Upon approaching San Juan it was seen that none of the Spanish vessels were in the harbor. I was considerably in doubt whether they had reached San Juan and again departed for some unknown destination, or whether they had not arrived.

As their capture was the object of the expedition, and as it was essential that they should not pass to the westward, I decided to attack the batteries defending the port in order to develop their position and strength, and then without waiting to reduce the city or subject it to regular bombardment, which would require due notice, turned to the westward.

I commenced the attack as soon as it was good daylight. It lasted about three hours, when the signal was made to discontinue the firing and the squadron stood to the northeast and out of sight of San Juan, when the course was to the westward, with a view to communicating with the de-

INTERESTING NEWS ITEMS.

Friday's statement of the condition of the "inter" treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$205,703,136; gold reserve, \$172,000,838.

Friday afternoon a fire destroyed property at Dallas, Tex., to the amount of between \$150,000 and \$400,000. A number of business houses were gutted.

The steamship India, which will probably be chartered by the government to carry troops to Manila, arrived at Seattle, Wash., Thursday night, 30 days from Philadelphia.

Blanco cables that the destroyer Teror has arrived at Esparto, Porto Rico. He intended to go to San Juan but found four American war ships cruising in front of the harbor.

Blanco cables to Madrid that Cervera's squadron is still at Santiago and that the bulk of Sampson's squadron is blockading that port. Schley's squadron is watching the Yucatan coast.

A private cable from a reliable person at San Francisco, Hayti, stated May 28, asserted that he had positive information that at that time Adm. Cervera was in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba.

The Madrid correspondent of the London Daily Mail who notices "a Spanish fleet" in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba, believes that one of the powers will suggest arbitration when a fitting opportunity arises.

One-half of the Chicago naval reserves, consisting of 303 men and three officers, under command of Lieut. S. W. Stratton, arrived at Key West, Fla., Friday afternoon on the steamer Mascotte from Tampa.

The official trip of the torpedo boat Egan will probably take place next Monday or Tuesday off Seattle, Wash. Lieut. Commander Charles P. Ferkel, commanding the Monocook, has been designated as president of the trial board.

On behalf of Jack Daly, of Wilmington, Del., Sam Fitzpatrick has issued a challenge to George (Kid) Lavigne to fight for the lightweight championship of the world. The contest is not to be less than 25 rounds at 135 pounds, give or take two pounds.

The state department has been notified by British Consul Gollan, at Havana, that the exchange of prisoners has been effected and the Marle, with Charles Thral and Hayden Jones, the American correspondents on board, had sailed for Key West.

Count D'Alphonse de Maugis has arrived in Washington from Paris to join the staff of the French embassy. He has recently been third secretary of the French legation at Hayti and is detailed here owing to the increased duties of the embassy of late.

The steamer China, which stopped at Honolulu on her way from the Orient, reports that the people of that city were making great preparations to receive the transport fleet which left San Francisco for Manila and which will stop at Honolulu en route.

Word reached Portsville, Pa., Friday morning that while miners were working in the West Ash vein of the Kaska William colliery, about ten miles east of here Thursday a large body of water, which was not known to be there, broke through the dam and were supposed to have been drowned.

The Spanish press bitterly laments the motive underlying the reluctance of Adm. Camara to interfere. It is now seen that Spain is isolated, and the idea is growing that their terms will be dictated by the victors.

The war ships at Cadiz, forming Spain's reserve squadron, under command of Adm. Camara, are busy testing their guns and machinery preparatory to their departure from that port. Their destination is not yet ascertained. Large quantities of coal continue to arrive at Cadiz.

First Assistant Postmaster General John C. Smith has been promoted to third and third class mail would be forwarded to soldiers in the same manner as before. Only first class mail, under the general rule, can be forwarded when mail as originally addressed does not reach the person to whom it was sent.

A French Desk.
PARIS, May 28.—As the outcome of an election dispute M. Henri Rochefort, the editor of L'Intransigeant, and M. Germain Richard, the former socialist deputy, fought a "duel" Friday. M. Rochefort was pincered on his right hand.

MARKET REPORT.
CINCINNATI, May 27.
FLOUR—Spring wheat, No. 2, 80¢; No. 3, 78¢; No. 4, 76¢; No. 5, 74¢; No. 6, 72¢; No. 7, 70¢; No. 8, 68¢; No. 9, 66¢; No. 10, 64¢; No. 11, 62¢; No. 12, 60¢; No. 13, 58¢; No. 14, 56¢; No. 15, 54¢; No. 16, 52¢; No. 17, 50¢; No. 18, 48¢; No. 19, 46¢; No. 20, 44¢; No. 21, 42¢; No. 22, 40¢; No. 23, 38¢; No. 24, 36¢; No. 25, 34¢; No. 26, 32¢; No. 27, 30¢; No. 28, 28¢; No. 29, 26¢; No. 30, 24¢; No. 31, 22¢; No. 32, 20¢; No. 33, 18¢; No. 34, 16¢; No. 35, 14¢; No. 36, 12¢; No. 37, 10¢; No. 38, 8¢; No. 39, 6¢; No. 40, 4¢; No. 41, 2¢; No. 42, 1¢; No. 43, 1¢; No. 44, 1¢; No. 45, 1¢; No. 46, 1¢; No. 47, 1¢; No. 48, 1¢; No. 49, 1¢; No. 50, 1¢; No. 51, 1¢; No. 52, 1¢; No. 53, 1¢; No. 54, 1¢; No. 55, 1¢; No. 56, 1¢; No. 57, 1¢; No. 58, 1¢; No. 59, 1¢; No. 60, 1¢; No. 61, 1¢; No. 62, 1¢; No. 63, 1¢; No. 64, 1¢; No. 65, 1¢; No. 66, 1¢; No. 67, 1¢; No. 68, 1¢; No. 69, 1¢; No. 70, 1¢; No. 71, 1¢; No. 72, 1¢; No. 73, 1¢; No. 74, 1¢; No. 75, 1¢; No. 76, 1¢; No. 77, 1¢; No. 78, 1¢; No. 79, 1¢; No. 80, 1¢; No. 81, 1¢; 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